

Functionalization of DNA via amines (-NH<sub>2</sub>)



# **Key Features**

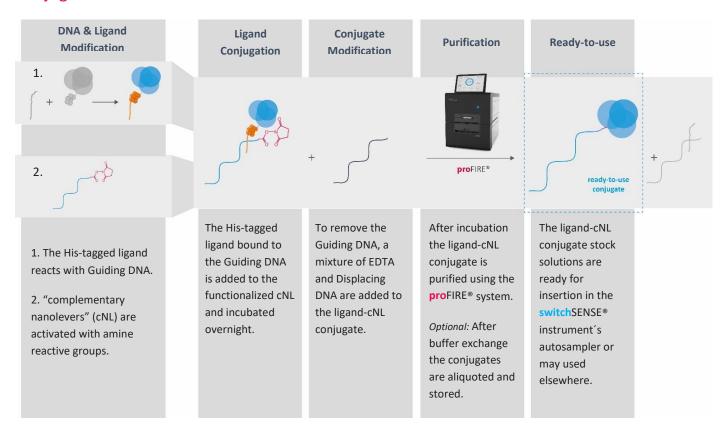
- Coupling of biomolecules with primary amines
   (e.g. NH<sub>2</sub>-terminus, lysines) and a His-tag to DNA
   in a reaction tube
- Oriented coupling in the proximity of the His-tag
- Convenient standard chemistry
- Applicable for proteins (and peptides) (MW > 5 kDa)
- Compatible with all switch SENSE®
   Multi-purpose biochips carrying sequence B48
- Suitable for parallel measurements via DNA encoded addressing

- Coupling of multiple ligands can be performed simultaneously
- Yields >95 % pure ligand-DNA conjugate with controlled quality of your product
- Includes reagents for three individual conjugation reactions (approx. 10-30 regenerations each; up to 500)
- Compatible with automated standard regeneration process
- proFIRE® purification for pure ligand-DNA conjugates



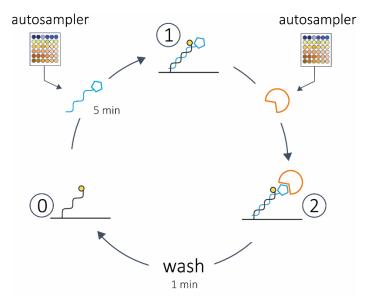
#### **Workflow Overview**

#### **Conjugation Workflow**



Timeline: Hands on time < 1 h | Incubation 12-16 h

### Measurement Workflow with ligand-cNL conjugates





Functionalization of the **switch**SENSE® biochip with ligands by automatic hybridization of ligand-cNL conjugate.

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Interaction measurement while flowing analyte solution (association) or buffer solution (dissociation) over the chip.

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  $\rightarrow$   $\bigcirc$ 

The ligand-cNL analyte complex is washed away from the surface by DNA denaturation under basic pH conditions, which ensures a complete removal of the analyte.



## **Product Description**

Order Number PF-NH2-2-B48

TABLE 1 | Contents and Storage Information

Material	Сар	Amount	Storage	Comment
cNL-B48-08	blue	3 x	-20°C	
cNL-A48 (1 μM)	yellow	500 μL	-20°C	
Guiding DNA	orange	3 x 18 μL	-20°C	
Displacing DNA	purple	3 x 6 μL	-20°C	
Buffer H	trans- parent	3 x 1.8 mL	-20°C	
Loading solution (500 μM)	trans- parent	50 μL	-20°C	
EDTA solution (500 mM)	trans- parent	100 μL	-20°C	
Buffer PE40 (10 mM $Na_2HPO_4/NaH_2PO_4$ pH 7.4, 40 mM NaCl, 0.05 % Tween, 50 $\mu$ M EDTA, 50 $\mu$ M EGTA)	trans- parent	3 x 1.5 mL	-20°C	
ddH <sub>2</sub> O	trans- parent	1.5 mL	-20°C	
Crosslinker	green	3 x	-20°C	
Purification spin column	red	6 x	2-8°C	
2.0 mL Reaction tubes for Purification spin column		6 x	r.t.	
Centrifugal filter unit (3 kDa MWCO) <sup>1</sup>		3 x	r.t.	
Centrifugation collection tube		6 x	r.t.	

For in vitro use only.

Please check date of expiry on the kit. Products are shipped at ambient temperature or frozen. The kit contains reagents sufficient for 3 conjugations of approx. 20-150  $\mu$ g biomolecule each. The resin slurry of the Purification spin column contains 0.02 % sodium azide. The Loading solution contains 500  $\mu$ M NiCl<sub>2</sub>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For conjugation of proteins with a molecular weight higher than 20 kDa: Centrifugal filter units with a MWCO of 10 kDa can be ordered for a faster concentration process (Please see page 10 for order number).



#### **Additional Materials Required**

TABLE 2 | Additional Materials.

Material	Comment
Benchtop microcentrifuge	Capable between 1,000 x g and 13,000 x g
Vortexer	
1.5 mL reaction tubes	
UV-Vis spectroscopy (e.g. Nanodrop)	Concentration determination of the conjugate

All necessary solutions and buffers are included in the kit.

#### **Important Notes**

- Do not use any buffer containing primary amines (i.e. Tris, glycine) during conjugation process.
- Dithiothreitol (DTT) can be used up to 1 mM during the conjugation process.
   Do not use 2-Mercaptoethanol or other thiol-based reducing agents during conjugation process. If a reducing agent is necessary, TCEP is recommended up to 1 mM. For reducing agents during interaction measurement, please refer to the switchSENSE® compatibility sheet (application area on www.dynamic-biosensors.com/switchsense).
- Avoid using partially purified protein samples or protein samples containing carriers (e.g. BSA).
- To get highest reaction yields, the ligand should be dissolved in Buffer H. Buffer exchange is recommended prior to conjugation process. The ligand solution must not contain EDTA.
- Before you begin, briefly centrifuge all tubes to ensure that all material is at the bottom of the tubes.
- For molecules with a molecular weight around or lower than 5 kDa, special care during purification process shall be taken. A few peptides may not give a proper purification using the provided IEX column. For more information please email support@dynamic-biosensors.com.



#### Conjugation of a Biomolecule to a DNA-Nanolever in a Reaction Tube

Please read the entire protocol before starting and **perform conjugation without interruption**.

TIP: the protocol can be performed simultaneously for multiple coupling reactions.

#### Spin Column Equilibration

- 1. Equilibrate **two** purification spin columns for one coupling reaction:
  - a. Remove column's bottom closure and loosen cap (do not remove cap).
  - b. Place column in a 2.0 mL reaction tube.
  - c. Centrifuge at 1,500 × g for 1 minute to remove the storage solution.
  - d. Add **400**  $\mu$ L of Buffer H on top of column's resin bed. Centrifuge at 1,500 × g for 1 minute to remove buffer.
  - e. Repeat step d once, discard buffer from the reaction tube. The Purification spin column should be in a dry state now.

#### **Ligand Modification**

- 2. Prepare **20-150**  $\mu$ g of your His-tagged ligand (concentration approx. 0.5 25 mg/mL). For optimal conditions dissolve / dilute ligand in Buffer H.
  - **EXAMPLE**: Adjust protein concentration to 2 5 mg/mL and use 10 25 μL for conjugation.
  - IMPORTANT: Be sure that the storage buffer of the ligand does not contain any primary amines, e.g. Tris buffers, glycine or EDTA (please see page 4, Important Notes).
- 3. Add 18  $\mu$ L Guiding DNA and 5  $\mu$ L Loading solution to your His-tagged ligand. Mix the reaction by pipetting up and down and let it react at room temperature for 15 minutes.
  - **IMPORTANT**: During this reaction time continue with DNA-Nanolever Modification.

#### **DNA-Nanolever Modification**

- 4. Dissolve cNL-B48-08 (blue cap) in **40 μL Buffer H** prior to use and vortex until solids are completely dissolved and spin down shortly.
- 5. Dissolve the crosslinker (green cap) by adding  $100 \, \mu L$  ddH<sub>2</sub>O and vortex until solids are completely dissolved and spin down shortly. IMPORTANT: Always use fresh compounds.
- 6. Add **2.5 μL** of the freshly prepared linker solution to one nanolever aliquot (cNL-B48-08, blue cap). Discard the remaining linker solution from step 5.
- 7. Vortex the reactants for 10 sec, spin down and incubate them for **5 minutes** at room temperature.
  - **IMPORTANT**: Do not exceed incubation time as the reaction yield will decrease.



- 8. Sample loading
  - a. Place columns from step 1 in new 1.5 mL reaction tubes.
  - b. Remove cap of spin column number 1 and apply the sample from step 7 to the top of the resin bed.
  - c. Centrifuge at 1,500 x g for 2 min to collect the sample (flow-through). Discard Purification spin column after use.
  - d. Remove cap of spin column number 2 and apply the sample from step c on top of the resin bed.
  - e. Centrifuge at 1,500 x g for 2 min to collect the sample (flow-through). Discard Purification spin column after use.

#### **Ligand Conjugation**

9. Add the ligand mix from step 3 to the sample from step 8. Mix the reaction by pipetting up and down and let it react at room temperature for at least 1 hour (or overnight).

**IMPORTANT**: Do not vortex. For higher yields, a further incubation overnight (e.g. at 2-8 °C) is recommended.

#### **Conjugate Modification**

10. Add 6  $\mu$ L of Displacing DNA and 10  $\mu$ L of EDTA solution to your conjugate from step 9. Mix the reaction by pipetting up and down and let it react at room temperature for 5 minutes.

**IMPORTANT**: Please make sure, that the **pro**FIRE® is ready to use.

#### proFIRE® Purification

Please refer to the proFIRE® User Manual.

- 11. Perform a purification using the proFIRE®. Please make sure that the sample volume is 160 μL.
  - O If the volume is less than 160 μL, add Buffer H.
  - o If it exceeds 160 μL, please perform two subsequent runs.
- 12. Use the Data Viewer software of the <a href="proFIRE">proFIRE</a> to identify which fractions contains pure conjugate.

  On page 8 (Additional Information section: <a href="proFIRE">proFIRE</a> Purification of a Ligand-cNL Conjugate) an example chromatogram is shown.
- 13. Take the recommended fractions out of the fraction collector.



#### **Buffer Exchange**

**NOTE**: If you don't want to perform a **switch**SENSE® measurement, the following protocol can be used as a guidline to conduct a buffer exchange with your desired buffer.

- 14. Add **500 \muL** of the first fraction containing the ligand-DNA conjugate from the **pro**FIRE® to the centrifugal filter unit.
  - Centrifuge at 13,000 x g (up to 14,000 x g) for **10 minutes** and discard flow-through.
  - b. Add the remaining fractions in the same filter unit and repeat the centrifugation step in order to collect all samples in one tube (Please check on page 9: Additional information for the right use of centrifugal filter unit).
  - c. Add **350 \muL of PE40** (or TE40, HE40) buffer and centrifuge at 13,000 x g for **10 minutes**. Discard the flow-through again.
    - If the protein is not stable in **PE40** (or TE40, HE40), please check buffer compatibility with the **switch**SENSE® compatibility sheet (Application area on **www.dynamic-biosensors.com/switchsense**).
  - d. Add **350 \muL of PE40** (or TE40, HE40) buffer and centrifuge at 13,000 x g for **15 minutes**. Discard the flow-through again.
  - e. To recover the ligand-DNA conjugate, place the centrifugal filter unit upside down in a new centrifugal collection tube (provided in the kit).
     Spin for 2 minutes at 1,000 x g to transfer the sample to the tube.

#### **Optional: Concentration**

15. Check ligand-DNA conjugate concentration after buffer exchange by using absorbance at 260 nm and the following equation:

```
c (ligand-DNA conjugate)= A_{260 \text{ nm}}/(490,000 \text{ L mol}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1} * \text{d})
d = optical path length
(usually d = 1 cm, please check photometer manual for further information).
```

#### Aliquots and Storage

- 16. Adjust the concentration to **200 nM 1 \muM** with **PE40** (or TE40, HE40) buffer (including up to 10 % glycerol if needed) and prepare **20 \muL** aliquots.
- 17. Store between 8 °C and -86 °C as desired.

#### IMPORTANT:

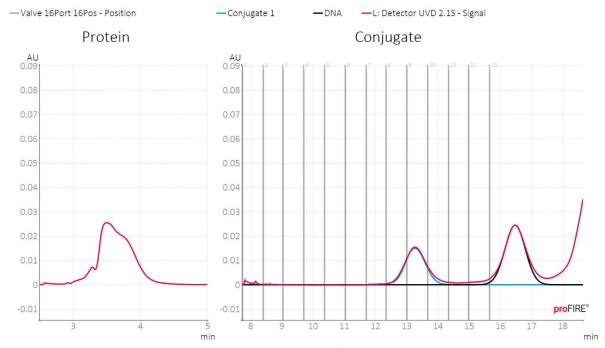
Please add prior to an interaction measurement the appropriate reference cNL (e.g. cNL-A48) to the conjugate solution.



#### **Additional Information**

#### proFIRE® Purification of a Ligand-cNLConjugate

- To ensure highest quality of your results, we recommend to use highly purified protein-DNA conjugates. Therefore ligand-cNL-B48 conjugates have to be purified by ion exchange chromatography. Furthermore, this quality control step gives you additional useful information about your sample purity.
- We recommend using the provided proFIRE® system and the proFIRE® column. For an example chromatogram, see figure below.
  Prepare 250 mL Buffer A (50 mM Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>/ NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> pH 7.2 and 150 mM NaCl)¹ and 250 mL Buffer B (50 mM Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>/NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> pH 7.2 and 1 M NaCl)¹.
- 3. Collect the ligand-cNL conjugate fraction (here: 8-10), concentrate the conjugate and exchange buffer with your desired buffer using a Centrifugal filter unit, as described on page 9.



proFIRE® chromatogram of a ligand-cNL-B48 conjugate purification.

Used buffers: Buffer A: 50 mM Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>/NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> pH 7.2, 150 mM NaCl/ Buffer B: 50 mM Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>/NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> pH 7.2, 1 M NaCl. Column: proFIRE® column. Flow: 1 mL/min. Used program: DNA length 48, Type 1.

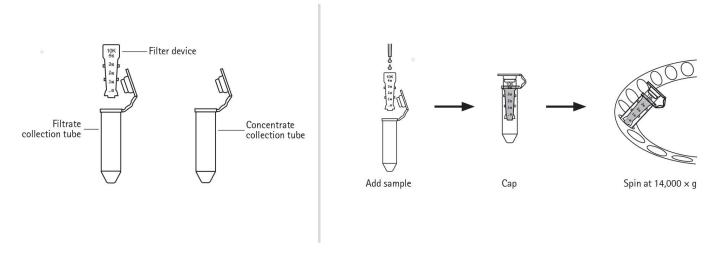


**pro**FIRE® report gives you an automated conjugate analysis with the most important facts about your conjugate, e.g. concentration, amount and purity.

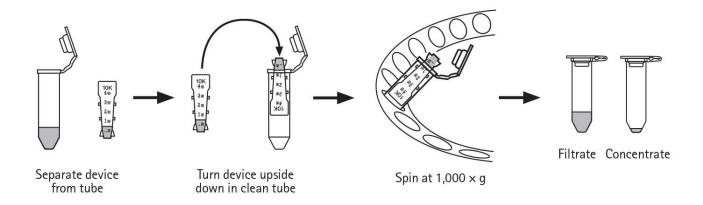
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See page 10 for order no.



### Buffer Exchange and Concentration with Centrifugal Filter Units



- 1. Take one centrifugal filter unit, add the appropriate volume of buffer in the filter device, and cap it.
- 2. Place capped filter device into the centrifuge rotor, aligning the cap strap toward the center of the rotor; counterbalance with a similar device.
- 3. Spin the device at  $13,000 \times g$  (or  $14,000 \times g$ ) for the given time.
- 4. Remove the flowthrough and repeat the steps 1-3.
- 5. Remove the assembled device from the centrifuge and separate the filter device from the microcentrifuge tube.
- 6. To recover the conjugate, place the filter device upside down in a clean centrifugal tube, aligning open cap towards the center of the rotor; counterbalance with a similar device. Spin for 2 minutes at 1,000 x g to transfer the sample from the device to the tube.





### **Useful Order Numbers**

### TABLE 3 | Order Numbers.

Product name	Order Number	
<pre>proFIRE® Amine Coupling Kit 1 for proteins (&gt;5 kDa); sufficient for 5 conjugation series</pre>	PF-NH2-1	
<pre>proFIRE® Thiol Coupling Kit 1 for proteins (&gt;5 kDa); sufficient for 5 conjugation series</pre>	PF-SH-1	
Centrifugal filter unit (3 kDa MWCO), 5 pcs.	CF-003-5	
Centrifugal filter unit (10 kDa MWCO), 5 pcs.	CF-010-5	
proFIRE® column	PF-CC-1	
10x proFIRE® Buffer A (50 mL)	PF-BU-A-10	
5x proFIRE® Buffer B (50 mL)	PF-BU-B-5	



# **My Notes**



### **Contact**

**Dynamic Biosensors GmbH** 

Perchtinger Str. 8/10 81379 Munich Germany **Dynamic Biosensors, Inc.** 

300 Trade Center, Suite 1400 Woburn, MA 01801

USA

**Order Information** <u>order@dynamic-biosensors.com</u>

**Technical Support** <u>support@dynamic-biosensors.com</u>

www.dynamic-biosensors.com



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**switch**SENSE<sup>®</sup> and **pro**FIRE<sup>®</sup> is a proprietary measurement technology by Dynamic Biosensors GmbH. Instruments and biochips are engineered and manufactured in Germany.

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